First bill provides that deeds and bills of sale for ead in evidence in any Courts of this State notwithper day, while superintending repairs to the roads.]

Mr. Wiggins introduced a resolution, for which Mr. Wiggins introduced a resolution, for sider it independent of party.

Mr. Saunders of Wake, offered the following substiMr. Eaton said, as this was a mere resolution of

tute, which was adopted:
Resolved, That the Committee on the Judicary in-Resolved. That the Committee on the Judicary inquire into the most eligible plan for the speedy require into the most eligible plan for the speedy removal of free persons of color from the State, and
moval of free persons of color from the State, and
moval of free persons of whilst they shall remain for their better government whilst they shall remain

of making the following amendments: 1. To abolish the freehold qualification of voters

for the Senate. 2. To give to the people the right of electing the Superior Court Judges, and of changing the tenure of their office for a term not less than seven years. 3. To give to the people the right of electing Justices of the Peace, and for a term of years not less

4. To restrict the General Assembly in all appropriations of the public money, when the sum shall exceed one hundred thousand dollars, or when the faith of the State shall be pledged unless by a vote of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature, or by the vote of a majority of two successive Legisla-tures; and that the Committee report a bill for the earliest constitutional mode of carrying these amendments into effect with the approbation of the people. Mr. Eaton remarked that he was willing, as a matter of courtesy, to vote for referring every proposition of this kind that might be offered; but he must dischange in the Constitution of the State; he further sta- journed. ted that he should oppose the holding of a Convention

to amend it, whether absolute or limited. Mr. Cherry concurred with the gentleman from Warren, and should oppose any measure designed to effect any alteration in the Constitution.

A Message was received from the Senate, proposing to go into an election tor Secretary of State at 12 o'clock, M. Concurred in. Mr. Stubbs introduced a bill repealing the first and second sections of the Act of 1848-9, entitled an

act concerning the President and Directors of the Literary Board. Referred to the Committee on the [Repeals that portion of the Act declaring that all

suits brought by or against the President and Directors of the Literary Board, shall be brought in the Superior Court of Wake.] Mr. Sharpe, a bill restoring jury trials to the County Court of Buncombe. Referred to the Committee

on the Judiciary.

Mr. Webb, a bill to amend the act of 1848-9, on the subject of Common Schools. Referred to Committee on Education.

[Bill declares that the School Committee in each School District, shall be elected by the voters of the District.] On motion of Mr. Martin, a Message was sent to

the Senate, proposing to raise a Joint Select Commit- which was referred to the Committee on Proposition tee of five on the part of the House, and two on the and Grievances. part of the Senate, whose duty it shall be to take into consideration the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and cy for the State of North Carolina to pursue in rela- and ordered to be transmitted to the Commons. tion to said railroad.

On motion of Mr. Steele, a resolution was adopted, instructing the Committee on Education to inquire into the expediency of amending the Common School Law, so as have annual, instead of semi-annual dividends of the Common School fund; also, a resolution instructing the committee on amendments to the Constilution to inquire into the expediency of an amendment, changing the mode of appointing Justices of

Mr. Fleming introduced the following resolution, upon which he demanded the year and nays: the subject of amendments to the Constitution, be of \$100. instructed to inquire into the expediency of permitting mittee. the people at the polls in August next, to decide whether or not they will call a convention to amend the Constitution; and that they report by bill or otherwise. Mr. Rayner said he was disposed to go for the resolution, if it did not commit the House to any particular course.

Mr. Flemming made some remarks that did not reach the ear of the Reporter. Mr. Saunders, of Wake, was in favor of the resolution. Every proposition to amend the Constitution, ought to be laid before the Committee, so that the members might have opportunity to consider the views

of every one. Mr. Avery concurred in the opinion that all these propositions should be sent to the Committee on amendments to the Constitution,

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, was disposed to send these propositions to the Committee, if he thought they would consider them fairly. He firmly believed that that committee would give to this question of amending the Constitution a party character. Mr. Saunders, of Wake, called the gentleman from

Guilford to order, for speaking disrespectfully of the members of a committee of this House. Mr. Caldwell said he would endeavor to proceed in order. He wished to let the people be heard, and also, that the representatives of the people in this

House, should vote directly on this question. Mr. Rayner was glad to see this preliminary discussion; he wished to hear the opinions and views of the members generally. He did not participate in Leach, of Davidson, Blow, Erwin, Hill, of Caswell, the apprehensions and misgivings of his friend from and Person, of Moore. Guilford. He was willing to trust democrats in this matter. Two years ago, this question of amending the Constitution was postponed until late in the session. He expressed a hope that the Committee would go to work immediately, and consider it carefully. which was ordered to lie on the table, and he printed strong for party. There were two questions of para- tine 1st article of the amended Constitution ratified mount importance that were already proposed for the by the people on the 1st Monday of Nov. 1835, shall consideration of this House—one, the question of be specifically so amended as prescribed in the 2nd

report was expected of them. Mr. Saunders, of Wake, had called the gentleman from Guilford to order because he had reflected upon

discuss, but merely to hear the views of all sections. State, Mr. Saunders was not prepared himself to discuss this question now. He wished to get some statistihis own views were. He thought the gentleman provements. from Hertford mistaken, that parties were divided on this subject.

Mr. Rayner disclaimed; he did not think of party the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, in bonds

while making his remarks, Mr. Saunders accepted his disclaimer; he had no doubt the committee would give every proposition brought before them, a fair consideration, and would report at an early day. This was not the occasion to Internal Improvements to inquire into the expediency go into a discussion of questions connected with of extending the North Carolina Railroad east from amending the Constitution. Some allusion to remarks that fell from the gentleman from Hertford on Salisbury to the Tennessee line. his party were ready to do battle in self-defence.

Mr. Rayner apologized for his remarks on Monday last. He was somewhat irritated at the time, and ry; referred to committee on Claims. might have allowed his excitement to vent itself in Mr. Steele, a bill to incorporate Rockingham Dirather harsh remarks. He intended only to say that vision, No. 32, S. of T., at Rockingham, Richmond the Whig party would make a gallant resistance if

Mr. Leach, of Davidson, believed that the ple desired an alteration in the Constitution, and be should go for an open Convention. It was not be should go for an open Convention. It was not necessary to connect this question with party. He was in favor of the bill introduced yesterday by the gentleman from Haywood, authorizing an unlimited Convention, and if the committee did not report such a bill, he should introduce such an one himself. He John Rhem; ordered to be countersigned by Speaker and sent to Sente. as had been exhibited during the discussion; he was sorry to see such an ebullition of party feeling as had been exhibited during the discussion; he was sorry to see party feelings aroused so parly in the session. He thought it would be a sectional rather than a party issue. He believed that the people were able and competent to govern themselves, and should vote for an unlimited Convention.

Mr. Flemming had no idea of throwing a firebrand into the House; his object was to place the matter before the people, It was evident that they desired

fr. Caldwell, of Guilfo First bill provides that deeds and bills or sale lot the conveyance of lands and slaves, which shall have been registered twenty-one years, shall and may be read in evidence in any Courts of this State notwithread in evidence in any Courts of this State notwiths standing any defect in the probate of the same; the second authorizes the County Courts to levy a tax second authorizes the County Courts to levy a tax to pay the overseers of the public roads one dollar now. He was in favor of an open Convention, and per day, while superintending repairs to the roads. He was glad to see a disposition manifested to con-

would be withdrawn. He was in favor of the referwithin the same, and report accordingly.

Mr. Saunders, of Wake, introdused the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the select Committee on the amend-

ments of the Constitution inquire into the expediency the yeas and nays. The resolution was then adopted,

yeas 105, nays 12. The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived, the House under the superintendance of Messrs. Stevenson at Pigott, proceeded to vote for Secretary of State. A message was received from the Senate concu ring in the proposition of the House to appoint a joint

select Committee on Federal Relations. Mr. Avery offered a resolution in favor of the Clerk of the County Court of Caldwell; referred to Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Cherry, a bill to incorporate Windsor Female

Academy in Bertie county; referred to Committee on Education. An ineffectual motion was made to adjourn, Mr. Pigott, from the Committee to superintend the election of Secretary of State, reported that William Hill had received 150 votes, Mr. Dickson 3, and Mr.

Patterson 1. Mr. Hill having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly elected. Another motion to adjourn was negatived by the House. A motion to go into the election of Comptinetly state that he was opposed to any and every troller was laid on the table. The House then ad-

> SENATE. Monday, November 25, 1850.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment. The Speaker announced the following standing Committees : Committee on the Library .- Messrs. Bunting, Bar-

ringer, Washington. On Finance.-Messrs. Bower, Lillington, Gilmer, Watson, Lane, Hester, Speight, and Drake. Joint Select Committee on Western Turnpike &c .-

Messrs. Thomas, Bower, Woodfin, Jones, and Bond. SELECT COMMITTEES. Amendment of the Constitution. - Messrs. Clarke, Courts, Woodfin, Shepard and Williamson.

Nags Head .- Messrs. Joyner, Caldwell of Mecklenburg, Bynum, Nixon, and Rogers. Historical Documents .- Messrs. Hoke, Caldwell of

Haughton, Drake, Collins, and Shepard. Claim on United States .- Messrs. Caldwell of M. Kelly, Richardson, Canady, and Herring, Mr Washington presented the memorial of Sukes

Mr. Thompson presented the certificates of Theophilus Gardner and William Sasser, of Wayne coun-

Mr. Hoke presented the petition of Ephraim Lutz. praying to be restored to his marital rights; which was referred to the Judiciary Committee. Mr. Nixon presented a memorial from the Presi-

dent and Directors of the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road Company; which was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Bynum presented a bill to prohibit Clerks of County Courts from issuing certificates of freedom to free persons of color, as heretofore under a penalty Read and referred to the Judiciary Com-

The hour of twelve having arrived, on motion of Mr. Woodfin, (Mr. Shepard in the Chair,) a commit-tee consisting of Messrs. Bower, Cameron, and Joyner, were appointed, to nominate a committee on Privileges and Elections, and report the names of said Committee to the Senate. Mr. Cameron, from this committee, reported the following gentlemen as the committee on Privileges and Elections : Messrs.

ington, Woodfin, and Hargrave. The Senate agreed to the House proposition to raise a joint select committee of seven on the part of the House and six on the part of the Senate, to prepare a suitable inscription for the block of Marble to be sent from this State for the Washington Monument. The Speaker announced Messrs. Cameron, Hoke, Joyner, Bower, Shepard, and Gilmer as the Senate's

branch of the committee. The Senate refused to concur with the Commons in raising a joint committee on Revenue. The Senate also refused to concur with the House in raising a joint committee on the subject of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road.

ing 11 o'clock. HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The following Committees were announced: House branch of the Joint Select Committee on Negro Slavery .- Messrs. Saunders of Wake, Rayner, Avery, Sanders, of Johnston, Hill, of Brunswick, Stowe, and Person, of Moore.

but subsequently re-considered and laid on the table. Mr. Mizell introduced the following resolution, This question was not of party-it had become too Resolved, That the 2nd clause of the 3d section of constitutional reform-and the other, that of slavery. clause of the 1st section of the 4th article of said He was pleased to see that all parts of the State were amended Constitution, that all free white men of the nearly agreed on these questions. He should like age of twenty-one years, who have been inhabitants the views of all sections. He hoped that the come of any one district within the State twelve months mittee would report at an early day, and he made immediately preceding the day of any election, and these remarks to let the committee know that an early shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate for the district in which

On motion of Mr. Douthet, a resolution was adopt members of this House. He thought this was not ed instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire the time to go into a discussion of this question.

Mr. Rayner interrapted Mr. S. He did not wish to bringing droves of horses, mules and hogs into this

Mr. Maultsby presented a memorial from the Wil mington and Manchester Railroad; reading dispenscal facts from the Marshal, before he could say what ed with, and referred to Committee on Internal Im-[Memorial asks for a subscription on the part o

> of the State redeemable in 20 or 30 years, or that the State endorse the bonds of the company to that amount. Mr. Walton a resolution instructing Committee on

Monday last, that if it was to be a war to the knife, Mr. McDowell, a resolution in favor of James G. Dickson, late Representative from the county of Duplin, to allow him \$45, to be paid out of the Treasu-

> county; referred to committee on private Bills.
>
> Mr. McLean, a hill to lay off and establish a new county by the name of Yadkin, out of a part of Surry;

referred to committee on Propositions and Grievances.

w, and pay the School money into the Tree s ary ; SEMI - WEEKLY STANDARD.

communicating his annual report; on motion, it was sent to the Senate, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Blow presented the following resolution, which was referred to the joint select committee on negro

the surrender of important rights; therefore,

Resolved, That should said law be repealed or es-

On motion of Mr. Rayner, the committee on the

trade, in sailing and steam vessels, or in any other

species of trade, or invested in stocks of any kind in

or out of the State, excepting Bank stock already

concerning the block of Marble designed for the Wash-

Ington National Monument from North Carolina.

Resolved, That a Message be sent to the Senate

teen, seven on the part of the House, and six on the

having an appropriate inscription made on the block

of marble which is designed for the Washington

School fund; referred to Committee on Claims.

"safely secured," in the revenue act of 1848-9.

On motion of Mr. Steele, the Committee on Fi-

of reporting a bill declaring the meaning of the term

A motion by Mr. Wilson to go into the election of

Comptroller on Wednesday next at 12 o'clock, and

of Treasurer on Thursday the same time, was laid

On motion of Mr. Cherry, the Judiciary Commit-

tee were instructed to inquire into the expediency of

reporting a bill, declaring the meaning of the revenue

On motion of Mr. Jones, the non-intercourse bill

introduced by Mr. Erwin was taken up from the table,

[Telegraphed for the National Intelligencer.]

riotism, are in no respect a departure from the Con-

[Correspondence of the Washington Union.]

Death of Col. R. M. Johnson-Council Meeting-An Abolition Outrage—City Mortality—Forrest Case.

The telegraph, this afternoon, amounces the death at Louisville, Ky., yesterday morning, of the Hon.

Richard M. Johnson, after a brief but severe illness.

The life of this distinguished man is a part of the

history of his country, and all will mourn his death, whilst thousands will feel that a warm-hearted friend

has been taken from them by the hand of death. Al-

though an undeviating politician, even his political opponents esteemed him as one against whom no

enmity could be entertained.

Mr. J. G. McPheeters, of Raleigh, North Caroli-

child, a girl five years of age, from whom a nurse he

at Pittsburg. The girl was a favorite house servant,

who had charge of the child from its infancy since

parted with her for ten times her value. She was

Mrs. Forrest, I observe by the New York papers,

has withdrawn her suit against Edwin Forrest for

all search was useless.

adultery.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 20-5 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21-9 P. M.

and referred to the Committee on negro slavery.

act of 1848-9, concerning Guardian Bonds.

The House then adjourned.

or's Message relating to this subject.

The Committee on Finance were discharged from

Monument.

on the table.

proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee of thir-

Mr. Saunders of Wake, introduced a resolution

taxed, and sums less than one thousand dollars.]

favor of a dissolution of the Union.

Mr. Pegram, a bill to incorporate the Fayefteville and Centre Plank Road Company; referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

A message was received from the State Treasurer. RALEIGH:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1850.

THE LEGISLATURE. WHEREAS, The series of acts passed the last seasion of Congress and known as the "Compromise," although they did not meet our approbation fully, have become the law of the land, and as such ought The first week of the session has passed off quietly and without excitement. The various Committees have been appointed, have gone to work, and will is to be obeyed; and, whereas, the Fugitive Slave Law due time report to their respective Houses the results was all that was gained by the South in return for

of their labors. A number of Bills, Resolutions, and Memorials sentially modified by Congress, or nullified and made inoperative by the people of the North, we will be in have been presented; and the prospect upon the whole is that we shall have a laborious session.

The strong and pointed Resolutions of Mr. Shepard on the Slavery question, will be found in another Judiciary were instructed to inquire whether the Bank of Fayetteville, in issuing bills of the denomination column. It will also be perceived that the two Houof one dollar and two dollars, has not acted in contrases have raised a joint Committee of eighteen, to vention of its charter, and the general law of the State. whom the question of Slavery generally has been re-Mr. Hill of Caswell, a bill to increase the revenue ferred. This Committee embodies much of the exof the State, and to amend revenue act of 1848-'9; perience and talent of the two Houses, and we shall referred to committee on Finance. [Bill provides to amend act of 1848-9, so as to impose a tax of one-fourth per cent. on every dollar invested in the slave look with deep interest to its action.

We have conversed with many members of both parties on this vital question, and we are gratified to state ithat but one spirit seems to pervade them all. Our assailants of the free States have now arrived at a point where North Carolina will sland and act. If act finally she must. The mind of her people, judging from the tone of her Representatives, is made up. Some conversation followed between Messrs. Saunders, Barnes of Northampton, and Rayner, with re- She will recede no farther. We speak what we spect to the proper committee to consider the subject. know. Let those who are assailing our institutions The resolution was finally adopted in the following and trampling on the Constitution, beware!

ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS. The two Houses on Saturday last elected William part of the Senate to inquire into the propriety of Hill, Esq., the present incumbent, Secretary of State for the ensuing two years. Mr. Hill had no regular opposition, and received 150 votes.

Mr. Hill has occupied this office for some thirty-five the further consideration of that portion of the Governor forty years, having been originally elected by the Republicans and continued ever since. He is honest, Mr. Flemming introduced a bill to amend the Yancy and McDowell Turnpike Company; referred capable, and faithful; and under these circumstances the Democrats, acting in a spirit of liberality, have to Committee on Internal Improvements, and ordered thought proper to retain him. He is a Whig, but if Mr. Webb a resolution authorizing the chairman of he had been a Democrat he would have been comthe Board of Superintendants of Common Schools, pelled to "walk the plank" long since. It is due, Rutherford county, to collect from the Sheriff of Polk however, to Mr. Hill to say that he has, on no occounty the money in his hands belonging to the casion, taken an active or prominent part as a Whig partizan; but that, on the contrary, he voted at the nance were instructed to inquire into the expediency late election in this County for several Democrats.

> The election of Comptroller and Solicitors will probably take place during the present week. That of the Treasurer will be postponed, as usual, until the Finance Committee shall have made their report.

> > McBRIDE AND CROOKS.

The Greensborough Patriot, in reply to our interrogatories, says:

"We understand that no bill of indictment against Crooks and McBride, or either of them, was sent in to the Grand Jury during the recent term of Guilford Superior Court, for want of sufficient evidence to sustain such bill. But a bill was sent in against another man-a private individual in very humble circumstances of life-sustained by evidence similar The Union Meeting held in the Chinese Museum to that on which the bill was found against McBride to-night is largely attended. Hon. John Sergeant is in Forsyth county; the Jury returned it " not a true We learn that the Judge, at the request of the Solicitor, informed the Jury that the pamphlet, as A series of resolutions has been adopted, asserting that the care of the Union is a sanctified trust, which charged in the bill was incendiary. On what ground ought to be dear to every American; holding the Fu- the Jury based their refusal to return a true bill has gitive Slave Law as in accordance with the Consti- not, of course, transpired. After Court was over, tution; that, being a law-abiding community, we re- we are informed, a warrant was issued by a Justice pose confidence in the majority of the people to rise of the Peace against this same individual; but he in their majesty and assert the supremacy of the laws; had absconded.

and that the series of statutes enacted by the late The Patriot adds: "The Standard's conjecture, that Congress, passed in a spirit of compromise and pat-McBride will not abide the termination of his appeal to the Supreme Court, is very probably correct."

A letter was read from the Hon. James Buchanan, President Fillmore has written a letter, through excusing himself for not personally answering the invitation. He declares, as his solemn opinion, that his acting Secretary of State, to a gentleman in Georit is necessary, in order to preserve the Union, to regia, in which he says in substance that he will see buke and put down agitation in the North in regard to it that the fugitive-slave law is faithfully executto Southern slavery. He censures the fanaticism of ed. That is the substance of the letter. It is charthe North on that subject, and cites Gen. Jackson's message in 1835, when the hero looked upon the cir- acterized, however, by a vein of special pleading alculation of abolition papers in the South as leading together unworthy the President of the United States. to civil war. He descants at length on the Wilmot He says he has no official proofs that the law has been proviso, and speaks of it as the instrument that deobstructed. Does he not know that the law is a dead feated every attempt to form a Territorial Government for our Mexican acquisitions. He says that if such letter in most of the free States? Why does he not Governments had been established at the proper time, California would have changed her Territorial into a call upon his Marshal in Massachusetts for a report of the facts in the Hughes case? Why does he not State Government, as naturally as a youth changes into manhood. He pronounces the Wilmot proviso

remove the Marshal? The truth is, Mr. Fillmore's feelings are against dead; says that slavery will not be abolished in the District of Columbia while it exists in Maryland; the law, and he would no doubt he glad to see it reand speaks of the Fugitive Slave Law as constitupealed; but as long as it is the law he intends to entional, and one that ought to be sustained by the force it, provided he is officially informed that its execution is obstructed! Could he do less without perjuring himself?

> Boston FUGITIVE-SLAVE CASE. A despatch from Washington (says the Boston Post) states that the case of the United States marshal in Boston will be attended to on Mr. Webster's return. This may or may not be so. The President has not been officially informed of the dereliction of duty on the part of the Marshal, and will not remove him of course, until he is so informed. But who is to inform him? The Marshal? Who besides? Why does not Mr. Fillmore call upon that officer for a statement of the facts ?

A large portion of our paper will necessarily be na, has arrived in this city accompanied by his little occupied during the session with the Legislative prohad brought with him was stolen by the abolitionists ceedings, to the exclusion of Editorials and miscellaneous matter. The present session may be truly regarded as the most important ever held in North the death of its mother, and was much attached to the child. He is satisfied that she would not have Carolina; and the people are therefore anxious to be left him except by force, and he would not have fully informed of its action and the grounds of its action. We shall endeavor to spread this informastolen off from a boat at Pittsburg, whilst he was looking after his baggage. The marshal of Pitts- tion before them. It will be vastly more valuable in burg, to whom he applied for assistance, assured him itself, as it must be more interesting to all of them, that, such was the organization of the abolitionists, than any thing that could proceed from our own pen.

> The Greensborough Patriot is evidently well pleased with Gov. Manly's Message. We are not surprised at this; but we have the best reasons for believing that this document hangiven deep dissatisfaction to Eastern Whigs. We shall take up this Message in our next, and " speak our mind" freely on some of its most prominent and important points.

> DIRECT TRADE. At the meeting of the Mobile Southern Rights Association last Monday night, a committee was appointed to enquire into the expediency, cost, &c., of building eight steam-propellers, capable of carrying 3,000 bales of cotton, with a view of promoting a direct trade between Mobile and

> Weekly Star," by Thomas J. Lemay and Son. It is handsomely printed, and filled with interesting matter. Though we differ with the Editors politically, we wish them success in their enterprise.

> Congress will assemble on Monday next. The Session will be brief, but extremely important to the country. We shall endeavor to keep our readers fully advised of the proceedings.

The people of Georgia voted yesterday for Delo gates to their State Convention.

Mr. Erwin's Southern Right's Bill.

A Bill to insure the more faithful observance of the of the Southern States to a fair share in all the benefits of the Government—to encourage Domestic Industry and Direct Trade with Foreign nations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina. That in addition to the provisions of the existing Revenue Laws, every merchant, pediar, factor, and trader of whatsoever description, shall be subject to the following regulations: Every suell person shall on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord 1852, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, state upon oath and in writing before the Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Guarter Sessions, in and for the county in which he resides or in any other where he is engaged in trade, the value of all the goods, wares, and merchandise, of every kind, which he may have on hand for sale; and upon the sum so set forth by him there shall be imposed a

as all other taxes are collected and paid. Provided. nevertheless, that if he shall state upon affidavit that the whole or any part of said goods is the growth, produce or manufacture of any one of the following usually interesting character, but usthing of very States, viz: Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky. Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkan-sas, Texas, Missouri, Florida, or of any foreign country, then the aforesaid tax of ten per cent due upon such part shall not be collected; and said merupon such part shall not be collected; and said mer-chant or trader shall be exempt from paying the same, leaving him subject only to the tay or such attended in the said of leaving him subject only to the tax on such articles as may have been produced or manufactured in any of the States of this Union not named in this Act.

And be it further enacted. That on the first day of January in each and every year succeeding the time holders have manifested considerable desire to realize, And be it further enacted, That on the first day of January in each and every year succeeding the specified in the above section, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, every such merchant, trader, &c. shall in like manner state upon outh before the again sustained a decline of § to §d. for American on as aforesaid, the value in cash of all the purchases of goods, wares, and merchandise made by him in the preceding twelve months ... each year, upon which a similar tax of ten per cent ad valurem shall be imposed and collected in like manner as hereinbefore provided, and subject to the exceptions aforesaid.

Be it further enacted, That if after three months from the first day of January in each year after the year 1852, any such merchant or trader shall have failed to comply with the above provisions of this Act, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff of the county wherein such failure shall have occured, to collect double the said tax from such person so failing as aforesaid. Provided, nevertheless, the Courts may release him as in other cases of double tax.

Be it further enacted. That if any merchant, trader, &c. shall make a false statement under the provisions of this act with an intent to defraud the State, he shall be deemed guilty of perjury and shall be proceeded against as in other cases of like nature; or if any such person by any shift, device or evasion, shall attempt to avoid the payment of the tax hereinmeanor, and upon his conviction before any Court John D. Jones of the former place. of Record in the State, it shall be the duty of the Court in behalf of the State to render judgment Baker, Mr. Wm. H. Michael, to Miss Isabel E. Ramsour, against him in double the sum of the tax which he has so fraudulently endeavored to avoid the payment of; and in addition to said judgment he shall be liable. to fine and imprisonment as in other cases of misde-

Be it further enacted, That every such merchant or trader as above described, shall in answer to any enquiry made by any customer or purchaser, state truy according to the best of his knowledge or belief the place where any article which he may offer for sale was produced, grown, or manufactured; and if M. Shipp, the Rev. Wm. Barringer of Cabarrus, to Miss he shall intentionally make a faise statement in this Lavinia M., daughter of the late John Alston. respect, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars in each instance, to be recovered by warrant before any Justice of the Peace, one half of which said penalty shall go to any person who may sue for the same, the other to the State. Be it further enacted, That every such merchant,

trader, &c. as aforesaid, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord 1853, shall be liable Co., aged about 36 years. to an annual tax of one hundred dollars. Provided. nevertheless, that if such person shall make it appear by his own oath or otherwise before the Clerk of the County Court aforesaid that his purchases for said year have been wholly made in any of the above named slave-holding States, he shall then be exempt from the payment of said tax.

Be it further enacted, That if within three years

from the passage of this act all the above slave-holding States shall not have passed a law or laws simi- peas arriving freely, and selling at \$1 20 per hushel.

gitive slaves shall be faithfully carried out in prac- Rosin, was made at \$1 15 per bbl., of extra size. tice throughout the United States.

ernor of this State be and he is hereby respectfully cents per bushel; flour \$5 75 to \$6 50. requested to transmit a copy of this Act to the Governor of each of the States above named, with a request that it be laid before the Legislatures of the says, "among the sales of yesterday, we learn that sev-same, in the hope that they will pass a similar law enteen bales were sold at 15 and four bales at 16 cents.

more elections for 1850 for Federal Officers, we close our accounts below for the year for members of Congress: RECAPITULATION BY FIGURES.

1850.

Whig. Dem. Whig. Dem. lowa, Vermont, Florida, Maine. South Carolina, 0 Pennsylvania, 9 10 Ohio, New York, 17 32 New Jersey, Wisconsin, Michigan, Massachusetts,\* 3 Illinois. Delaware,

\*Seven vacancies. A full House comprises 233 members. Of these 127 or more than half, have already been elected. This shows a loss of 31 members, and one half of them in this State. We can hardly expect that the next Congress will be otherwise than largely Demo-

The Senators who hold over from the 4th of March next, are 41, viz: 18 Whigs and 23 Democrats. Phose whose terms expire at that date, including Mr. Ewing of Ohio, who holds his place by appointment of the Governor, are Whigs 8, Democrats 13, and the States to elect will increase this majority.

It is stated that the owner of the fugitives, Crafts and his wife, intends to enter a prosecution against the Marshal of Boston for failing to enforce the Fu-gitive Slave Law. If he can succeed it will be a very The Rev. Dr. Hooper's Family Sch good speculation, as the law imposes a penalty of \$1000, on the officer for the failure to secure a fugitive, when proper application is made to him. The Vigilance Committee will likewise come in for "snacks to the tune of a thousand each for obstructing the law. NIERE HOOPER, AND THOMAS C. HOOPER. We hope that Dr. Collins will succeed in mulcting each one of the gang of law-breakers as far as the statute will permit. Petersburg News. So do we; but how much will a Boston Jury give

in such a case ? Judge Berrien declines being a candidate for the

Georgia Convention, on account of his senatorial duties. He reiterates his conviction of the wrongs already suffered by the South, and expresses his apprehension of further aggression.

A meeting was held in Newbern, on Tuesday last, for the purpose of making arrangements for laylast, for the purpose of making arrangements for layial in favor of extending the North Carolina Rail

[Telegraphed for the Washington Union.]

Latest from Europe .- Arrival of the Nidgara .- One Constitution of the United States—to assert the right of the Southern States to a fair share in all the beneweek later from Europe. Decline in Cotton, &c. New York, Nov. 22-a. m. The royal mail

the sum so set forth by him there shall be imposed a tax of ten per cent nd valorem, which said tax shall in every diocese everywhere. A sentiment of indigpation is expressed in towns so similar, that an account of any one of these meetings might be taken The political news generally is of a more than

great moment has taken place.

A telegraphic despatch has been received from London, from Baring & Brothers, stating that exchange was well attended, but the season for shipments drawing to a close, and the dealers for home consumption are without change; and as helders have declined to press sales, little change is expected.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Nov 6. Since Monthe prices a week ago.
Surats, Bengal, and Egyptian have also declined

id., though they are in fair demand. This state of things is to be attributed to the rigid determination of the trade to continue their purchases to actual wints, and the increasing uneasiness of holders under the most trifling cessation in the demand.

WARRIED.

Near Richmond, Virginia, on Thursday 7th instant, by Rev. Henry B. Cowles, Rev. William H. Barnes, of the North Carolina Conference, to Miss Mary A. Morgan, daughter of Mrs. Ann Morgan.
In Carrituck County, on the 13th instant, Edward Woodhouse, Esq. to Efizabeth F., daughter of Col. John

On the 5th instant, in Christ Church, St. Louis, by the Rt. Rev. Dr. Hawks, Hon. Edward Carrington Cabell, of Plorida, to Anna Maria Wilcox, daughter or Mrs. General

At Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 18th instant, by the Rev. Doctor Drane, General Waddy Thompson. before imposed, he shall be held guilty of a misde- of South Carolina, to Miss Cornelia A., daughter of Col In Salisbury on the 9th inst, by the Rev. Archibald

> all of Lincolnton. In Iredell County, on the 13th inst., by Robt. A. Shimpock, Esq., Mr. Samuel L. H. Torrence, of Mecklenburg. to Miss Sarah A. Ross. In Wake County, on Thursday the 21st inst., by Si-

> mon Smith, Esq., Mr. James Hobby, to Miss Martha Avery, daughter of Simon Avery, deceased. On the 19th instant, Mr. C. Gillaspic, of Greensboro', to Miss Frances Suggs, of Wake county.

> > DIED.

In Salisbury, on the 17th instant, Mrs. Mary Beard, widow of the late John Beard, Sr., aged 75 years 6 months and 4 days. Also, on the 20th inst., Mr. Wm. is residence in Wakulla county, Florida.

day the 10th instant, after an illness of only seventeen hours, Henry Burden, a native of Sampson County, N. C.

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, November 21. Stock of becon on hand light, and selling at from 4 to 10 according to quality; corn 67 cents; Flour, Northern, \$6 50 to \$8; ground lar to this, then the exemptions herein contained shall be lield to extend only to the productions of such States as have adopted similar laws.

Be it further enacted, That the provisions of this Law shall remain in force until the Territories of the United States shall be opened to the citizens of North Carolina in the possession and enjoyment of every account of the property which they may now lawfully appeared to the citizens of North Carolina in the possession and enjoyment of every account of the productions of the latter of no sales of Spirits Turpentine for account which they may now lawfully appeared the sales of Spirits Turpentine for account which they may now lawfully appeared the sales of Spirits Turpentine for account of the latter of the sales of Spirits Turpentine for account of the latter of the latter of the sales of Spirits Turpentine for account of the latter of the species of property which they may now lawfully several days past. The last reported were 40 cents per hold within the limits of said State, and until the gallon. Tar. Sales within the week have been made constitutional provision relative to the delivery of fu- at \$1 55 per bhl. A sale of some 200 bble common

FAYETTEVILLE, November 23. Bacon 10 cents; cot. Be it further enaled. That his Excellency the Gov- ton 12 to 121, and the market changeable; corn 82 to 9) CHARLESTON, November 23. Cotton selling at from 13 to 131 cents for the ordinary article. The Courier

They were new cotton and upland of extra fine quality. Petensuure, Nevember 23. Tobacco from \$8 THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. \$20 according to quality, and market very firm; wheat Posting the Books for 1850. There being no at from 70 to 110 cents; bacon, hog round, at 82; corn 60 to 65 cents.

SALE OF NEGROES, STOCK, &C.

HAVING qualified at February Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of Wake, as Executrix to the last Will and Testament of the late Cyrus Whitaker, dec'd. I shall proceed to se to the highest bidder, at the late residence of the rai Testator, on the 16th day of December next, seven horses, one large mule, the entire stock of hogs, one you of large oxen, likely cows and calves, twenty-five bea of sheep, crop of corn, wheat, oats, fodder, &c. Toget er with a large assortment of household and kitchen for

Also, a portion of the land on which the said decease I will also sell, at the Court House, in the City Raleigh, on Saturday, the 21st of December,

Pifteen Likely Negroes, Among whom are several good cooks and washer men, house servants, several very likely yellow boys a girls, between the ages of ten and twenty years. TRRMs-Part cash and part credit of six months;

ourchasers to give bond with approved security be the property is changed. MARY WHITAKER, Exris November 14th, 1850.

more particularly made known on the day of sale.

ALEXANDER MACRAE, IMPORTER OF

CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHERN WARD And Wholesale & Retail Dealer in all kind FARMING IMPLEMENTS, South Side of Market St. Wilmington, N. C. Wilmington, Nov. 27, 1850.

In the Country, Near Littleton Depot, WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

Teachers-REV. Wm. HOOPER, PROP. J. DE THE next session will commence on the first day in January. It is requested that those we tend to send, will make early application. Nov. 23, 1850.

JOHN C. PALMER'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY IN his finely furnished Room warrants the Like perfect, and to please. His reputation is so well in North Carolina, it is useless to say more. Call mor and Ramony's Jewelry Store. Raleigh Nov. 25, 1850

MATCH HORSES.

COOKE & BUFFA

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Burke, Thompson, Davidson, and Hargrave. Geological and Min. Survey .- Messrs. Bynum. Burden, a free woman, of color, of Wayne County

report what, in their opinion, would be the best poli-

Mr. Cameron presented a bill to incorporate the Cape Fear Bridge Company. Read first time and referred to committee on Corporations.

Bower, Bunting, Caldwell of M., Lillington, Wash-

On motion, the Senate adjourned to Tuesday morn

Mr. Pigott moved a resolution allowing the keeper of Capitol to occupy a room; resolution was passed

he resides.

the State, of \$500,000 to assist in the completion of

Mississippi. One of our delegates to the Souther Convention, on his way home, has kindly forwarded us a telegraphic despatch from Atlanta, fornishing cheering and important intelligence from Mississippi. A telegraphic despatch from Jackson, (Miss.) was received at Nashville, on the day of the adjournment, saluting the Convention with three cheers in the name of Mississippi; and stating that the Legislature had convened; that Gov. QUITMAN's message was " all right;" and that forty thousand copies of it had been ordered to be published. The " Great Union Meeting" at which Gen. Foote was to make his grand effort to sustain himself, had proved to be a failure, and the Southern Rights Party were in high spirits. Charleston Mercury.

The Richmond Enquirer, speaking of the organization of our State Legislature, says: "We congratulate the Democracy of North Caro-lina upon the favorable auspices under which they have commenced. May they so conduct their delib-eration as to make permanent their return to power! David S. Reid, Ead., the Governor elect, will be in-augurated the lat of January next,"

It will be seen by our legislative reports this week that Hon. W. N. Edwards has been ejected Speaker of the Senate of North Carolina. This intelligence will be gratifying to his fellow citizens, who have the utmost confidence in his ability and integrity, for the dayles of the high station to which Mr. Dargan, a hill to repeal the Common School he has been called.

We have received several numbers of the "Tri-

The Caps Fear river, says the Carolinian, is now Warrenton News. | us vigable for all the steamers on it.